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IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT  
FOR THE NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA

MATTHEW EDWARDS, et al.,

Plaintiffs,

No. C 11-04766 JSW

v.

NATIONAL MILK PRODUCERS  
FEDERATION, aka COOPERATIVES  
WORKING TOGETHER, et al.,

**ORDER REQUIRING  
ADDITIONAL BRIEFING**

Defendants.

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Now before the Court is the motion for class certification filed by Plaintiffs and the *Daubert* motion to exclude Plaintiffs’ expert filed by Defendants. In addition to arguing that Plaintiffs’ expert, Dr. John Connor, should be excluded, Defendants argue, *inter alia*, that Plaintiffs fail to demonstrate that their damages are calculated based on the conduct they are challenging as required by *Comcast Corp. v. Behrend*, 133 S.Ct. 1426 (2013).

In *Comcast*, the Supreme Court held that “[c]alculations need not be exact, ... but at the class certification stage (as at trial), any model supporting a plaintiff’s damages case must be consistent with its liability case, particularly with respect to the alleged anticompetitive effect of the violation.” *Comcast*, 133 S.Ct. at 1433 (internal quotation marks and citations omitted). Moreover, “for purposes of Rule 23, courts must conduct a rigorous analysis to determine whether that is so.” *Id.* (internal quotation marks and citation omitted).

However, courts since *Comcast* have clarified that plaintiffs need not prove the merits of their damages at the class certification stage. Instead, “[t]he Court’s job at this stage is simple:

1 determine whether [plaintiffs have shown] that there is a reasonable method for determining, on  
2 a classwide basis, the antitrust impact's effects on the class members. ... This is a question of  
3 methodology, not merit." *In re Cathode Ray Tube (CRT) Antitrust Litig.*, 2013 WL 5391159,  
4 \*5 (N.D. Cal. Sept. 24 2013); *see also In re Diamond Foods, Inc. Sec. Litig.*, 295 F.R.D. 240,  
5 252 (N.D. Cal. 2013) ("Whether plaintiff will ultimately prevail in proving damages is not  
6 necessary to determine at this stage. Instead, the question for class certification is whether  
7 plaintiff has met its burden of establishing that damages can be proven on a classwide basis.");  
8 *In re High-Tech. Employee Antitrust Litig.*, 289 F.R.D. 555, 582 (N.D. Cal. 2013) (find that the  
9 plaintiffs satisfied their burden by establishing a "plausible method for proving an estimate of  
10 damages" for the proposed class); *In re POM Wonderful LLC*, 2014 WL 1225184, \*2 (C.D. Cal.  
11 March 25, 2014) ("At class certification, plaintiff must present a likely method for determining  
12 class damages ....") (citation omitted).

13 Dr. Connor calculates the effects of the herd retirement program on a national level and  
14 multiplies his total calculation by the percentage of the population of the states in which  
15 Plaintiffs are bringing state-law claims. The problem with this method is that Plaintiffs, as  
16 indirect purchasers, are not bringing a federal anti-trust claim. They are only bringing state-law  
17 claims, and not in every state. Dr. Connor's calculations include the effects from states that  
18 Plaintiffs are not challenging any activity as illegal. Thus, the Court finds that Plaintiffs have  
19 not yet shown "that their damages stemmed from the defendant's actions that created the legal  
20 liability." *Leyva v. Medline Indus. Inc.*, 716 F.3d 510, 514 (9th Cir. 2013) (citing *Comcast*, 133  
21 S.Ct. at 1435). It is not clear whether Plaintiffs could modify their method of calculations in  
22 order to capture only the effects from the states in which they contend Defendants violated  
23 antitrust laws.

24 The Court directs Plaintiffs to file an additional brief to address whether they have a  
25 reasonable method for determining, on a classwide basis, the alleged antitrust violations' impact  
26 on class members. Plaintiffs shall file their additional brief by no later than June 13, 2014.  
27 Defendants may file a responsive brief by no later than June 25, 2014. Plaintiffs may file a  
28 reply by no later than July 3, 2014. The Court HEREBY CONTINUES the hearing on the

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pending motions for class certification and to exclude Dr. Connor’s testimony to July 25, 2104 and the case management conference to August 15, 2014. To the extent Plaintiffs need more time because Dr. Connor needs additional time to revise his methodology and calculations, the Court is amenable to providing a longer continuation. However, Plaintiffs shall be advised that to the extent they submit a revised expert declaration, Defendants will need time to depose Dr. Connor and to consult with their own expert to prepare a response. Plaintiffs shall compensate Defendants for the reasonable costs incurred in preparing their supplemental opposition. If Plaintiffs contemplate that additional time will be needed, they should file a stipulation or request for an extension of time, with proposed deadlines, by no later than June 5, 2014.

**IT IS SO ORDERED.**

Dated: May 28, 2014

  
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JEFFREY S. WHITE  
UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE

